

**Exam. Code : 211004**  
**Subject Code : 4998**

**M.Sc. (Mathematics) 4<sup>th</sup> Semester**  
**STATISTICS-II**  
**Paper—MATH-587**

Time Allowed—2 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

**Note :—**There are **EIGHT** questions of equal marks.  
Candidates are required to attempt any **FOUR** questions.

1. (a) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from normal

distribution  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ . Prove that  $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n}$ ,

$S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n}$  are independent random

variables.

- (b) Define F-distribution. Find its mean and variance.  
2. (a) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a continuous population with pdf :

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (i) Find the pdf of  $r^{\text{th}}$  order statistic  $X_{(r)}$ , hence, find the mean and variance of  $X_{(r)}$ , for  $1 \leq r \leq n$ .  
(ii) Find the distribution of range  $R = X_{(n)} - X_{(1)}$ .

- (b) If  $X$  has a chi-square distribution with  $n$  degree of freedom, find moment generating function of  $X$ .
3. (a) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample of size  $n$  from  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  distribution, where  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are unknown. Find sufficient statistics of  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$ .
- (b) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample of size  $n$  from  $U(-\theta, \theta)$  distribution. Find MLE, MME of  $\theta$ .
- (c) If the estimator  $T_n$  based on a random sample of size  $n$  is such that  $E(T_n) \rightarrow \theta$  and  $V(T_n) \rightarrow 0$ , prove that  $T_n$  is consistent estimator of  $\theta$ . Hence prove that sample mean is always consistent estimator for population mean.
4. (a) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from  $U(0, \theta)$ , where  $\theta$  is unknown. Obtain the UMP test of size  $\alpha$  for testing  $H_0 : \theta \leq 1$  versus  $H_1 : \theta > 1$ . Find the value of critical constant such that the UMP test is of size 0.5.
- (b) State and prove Neyman-Pearson's lemma for most powerful test.
5. (a) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ , where  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are unknown. Find the likelihood ratio test for testing  $H_0 : \mu = \mu_0$  versus  $H_a : \mu \neq \mu_0$ .
- (b) Describe the large sample test procedure for testing the significance of difference of proportions of two independent populations.

6. (a) Describe applications of a  $t$  distribution for testing the significance of (i) single mean and (ii) difference between two means by clearly stating the assumption and hypotheses involved in these.
- (b) Briefly describe test of goodness of fit.
7. For the general linear model of full rank  $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$ ,  $E(\epsilon) = 0$  and  $E(\epsilon\epsilon') = \sigma^2 I$ , find least square estimator  $\hat{\beta}$  of  $\beta$ . Hence, find  $E(\hat{\beta})$ ,  $\text{cov}(\hat{\beta})$ . Also prove that  $\ell'\hat{\beta}$  is best linear unbiased estimator of  $\ell'\beta$ .
8. (a) Give complete analysis of two way classified data for fixed effect model.
- (b) Define estimability of a linear parametric function in a Gauss Markov model. State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition of estimability.